

Commonwealth of Kentucky
Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Cabinet
Department for Environmental Protection
Division for Air Quality
803 Schenkel Lane
Frankfort, Kentucky 40601
(502) 573-3382

AIR QUALITY PERMIT

Permittee Name: Owensboro Municipal Utilities
Mailing Address: P.O. Box 806, Owensboro, Kentucky 42302

is authorized to operate an
electric power generating plant at Owensboro , Kentucky

Source Name: Elmer Smith Station
Mailing Address: P.O. Box 806, Owensboro, Kentucky 42302
Source Location: 4301 U.S. Highway 60E, Owensboro

Permit Type: Federally Enforceable
Review Type: Title V

Permit Number: V-97-011
Log Number: E934
Application
Complete Date: February 12, 1997
KYEIS I.D. #: 077-0920-0027
AFS Plant I.D. #: 21-059-00027
SIC Code: 4911

Region: Evansville-Owensboro-Henderson
County: Daviess

Issuance Date: September 29, 1999
Expiration Date: September 29, 2004

John E. Hornback, Director
Division for Air Quality

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SECTION A - PERMIT AUTHORIZATION

Pursuant to a duly submitted application which was determined to be complete on February 12, 1997, the Kentucky Division for Air Quality hereby authorizes the operation of the equipment described herein in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit. This permit has been issued under the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statutes Chapter 224 and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto. This permit supersedes the proposed permit issued on June 17, 1999 and shall become the final permit unless the U.S. EPA files an objection pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 50:035, Section 21(3).

The permittee shall not construct, reconstruct, or modify any emission units without first having submitted a complete application and receiving a permit for the planned activity from the permitting authority, except as provided in this permit or in the Regulation 401 KAR 50:035, Permits.

Issuance of this permit does not relieve the permittee from the responsibility of obtaining any other permits, licenses, or approvals required by this Cabinet or any other federal, state, or local agency.

SECTION B - EMISSION POINTS, EMISSIONS UNITS, APPLICABLE REGULATIONS, AND OPERATING CONDITIONS

Emissions Unit 01 (Unit #1) Indirect Heat Exchanger

Description:

Coal-fired cyclone unit equipped with a limestone scrubber and an electrostatic precipitator.

Primary Fuel: Coal

Start-up Fuel: #2 fuel-oil is used for startup and flame stabilization.

Secondary Fuel: 10 - 20% weight blend of Petroleum Coke with coal

Tertiary Fuel: 2 - 4% blend of Tire Derived Fuel (TDF) with coal

Maximum continuous rating: 1507 MMBTU/hour

Construction commenced: 1964

Applicable Regulations:

Regulation 401 KAR 61:015, Existing indirect heat exchangers (State Effective Date: April 1, 1984) applicable to an emission unit with a capacity of more than 250 mm BTU per hour and commenced before August 17, 1971. This regulation is state-enforceable only until such time as the effective date of an EPA rulemaking, approving this regulation into the federally-approved Kentucky State Implementation Plan.

1. Operating Limitations:

- a) When this emission unit is fired with petcoke in any amount up to the allowable percentage, the flue gas must be directed to the limestone scrubbing system.
- b) The owner or operator may operate the emission unit without directing its emissions to the limestone scrubbing system whenever petcoke is not being fired in the emission unit .

2. Emission Limitations:

- a) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 61:015, Section 4 (1), particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.172 lb/MMBTU based on a three-hour-average.
- b) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 61:015, Section 4(2), emissions shall not exceed 20 percent opacity based on a six-minute average except that a maximum of 40 percent opacity is allowed for a period or aggregate of periods not more than six consecutive minutes in any sixty minutes.
- c) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 61:015, Section 5 (1), sulfur dioxide emissions shall not exceed 6.0 lbs/MMBTU based on a twenty-four-hour average.

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3. Testing Requirements:

- a) The permittee shall submit a schedule within six months from the issuance of this permit to conduct at least one performance test for particulate within one year following the issuance of this permit.
- b) If no additional stack tests are performed pursuant to Condition 4. d), the permittee shall conduct a performance test for particulate emissions within the third year of the term of this permit to demonstrate compliance with the applicable standard.
- c) The permittee shall determine the opacity of emissions from the stack by EPA Reference Method 9 annually, or more frequently if requested by the division.

4. Specific Monitoring Requirements:

- a) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 61:005, Section 3 and Regulation 401 KAR 50:035, Section 7(1)(c), continuous emission monitoring systems shall be installed, calibrated, maintained, and operated for measuring sulfur dioxide emissions and either oxygen or carbon dioxide emissions. The continuous emission monitoring systems shall comply with Regulation 401 KAR 61:005, Section 3, particularly, performance specification 2 of Appendix B to 40 CFR 60 or 40 CFR 75, Appendix A.
- b) In accordance with Regulation 401 KAR 61:015, Section 6 (1), the sulfur content of solid fuels, as burned shall be determined in accordance with methods specified by the division.
- c) In accordance with Regulation 401 KAR 61:015, Section 6 (3) the rate of each fuel burned shall be measured daily and recorded. The heating value and ash content of fuels shall be ascertained at least once per week and recorded. The average electrical output, and the minimum and maximum hourly generation rate shall be measured and recorded daily.
- d) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 50:035, Section 7(1)(c), to meet the periodic monitoring requirement for particulate, the permittee shall use a continuous opacity monitor (COM). Excluding the startup, shutdown, and once per hour exemption periods, if any six-minute average opacity value exceeds the opacity standard, the permittee shall, as appropriate, initiate an inspection of the control equipment and/or the COM system and make any necessary repairs. If five (5) percent or greater of COM data (excluding startup, shutdown, and malfunction periods, data averaged over six minute period) recorded in a calendar quarter show excursions above the opacity standard, the permittee shall perform a stack test in the following calendar quarter to demonstrate compliance with the particulate standard while operating at representative conditions. The permittee shall submit a compliance test protocol as required by condition Section G(a)(20) of this permit before conducting the test. The division may waive this testing requirement upon a demonstration that the cause(s) of the excursions have been corrected, or may require stack tests at any time pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 50:045, Performance tests.

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- e) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 50:035, Section 7(1)(c), to meet the periodic monitoring requirement for opacity, the permittee shall use a continuous opacity monitor (COM). Excluding the startup, shutdown, and once per hour exemption periods, if any six-minute average opacity value exceeds the opacity standard, the permittee shall, as appropriate, initiate an inspection of the control equipment and/or COM system and make any necessary repairs. If visible emissions from the stack are perceived or believed to exceed the applicable standard, the permittee shall determine the opacity of emissions by Reference Method 9. If a Method 9 cannot be performed, the reason for not performing the test shall be documented.
- f) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 50:035, Section 7(1)(c), to meet the periodic monitoring requirement for sulfur dioxide, the permittee shall use a continuous emission monitor (CEM). Excluding the startup and shutdown periods, if any 24-hour average sulfur dioxide value exceeds the standard, the permittee shall, as appropriate, initiate an inspection of the control equipment and/or CEM system and make any necessary repairs as soon as practicable.
- g) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 61:005, Section 3, a continuous monitoring system for opacity shall conform to requirements of this section which include installing, calibrating, operating, and maintaining the continuous monitoring system for accurate opacity measurement, and demonstrating compliance with the applicable Performance Specification 1 of 40 CFR 60, Appendix B.
- h) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 61:005, Section 3(5), the division may provide a temporary exemption from the monitoring and reporting requirements of Regulation 401 KAR 61:005, Section 3, for the continuous monitoring system during any period of monitoring system malfunction, provided that the source owner or operator shows, to the division's satisfaction, that the malfunction was unavoidable and is being repaired as expeditiously as practicable.

5. Specific Record Keeping Requirements:

- a) Records shall be kept in accordance with Regulations 401 KAR 61:005, Section 3(16) (f) and 61:015, Section 6, with the exception that the records shall be maintained for a period of five (5) years. Percentage of the COM data (excluding startup, shutdown, and malfunction data) showing excursions above the opacity standard in each calendar quarter shall be computed and recorded.
- b) The permittee shall maintain the results of all compliance tests.

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6. Specific Reporting Requirements:

- a) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 61:005, Section 3 (16), minimum data requirements which follow shall be maintained and furnished in the format specified by the division.
 1. Owners or operators of facilities required to install continuous monitoring systems for opacity and sulfur dioxide or those utilizing fuel sampling and analysis for sulfur dioxide emissions shall submit for every calendar quarter, a written report of excess emissions and the nature and cause of the excess emissions if known. The averaging period used for data reporting should correspond to the emission standard averaging period which is a twenty-four (24) hour averaging period. All quarterly reports shall be postmarked by the thirtieth (30th) day following the end of each calendar quarter.
 2. For opacity measurements, the summary shall consist of the magnitude in actual percent opacity of six (6) minute averages of opacity greater than the opacity standard in the applicable standard for each hour of operation of the facility. Average values may be obtained by integration over the averaging period or by arithmetically averaging a minimum of four (4) equally spaced, instantaneous opacity measurements per minute. Any time period exempted shall be considered before determining the excess average of opacity.
 3. For gaseous measurements the summary shall consist of hourly averages in the units of the applicable standard.
 4. The date and time identifying each period during which the continuous monitoring system was inoperative, except for zero and span checks, and the nature of system repairs or adjustments shall be reported. Proof of continuous monitoring system performance is required as specified by the division whenever system repairs or adjustments have been made.
 5. When no excess emissions have occurred and the continuous monitoring system(s) have not been inoperative, repaired, or adjusted, such information shall be included in the report.
- b) The permittee shall report the number of excursions (excluding startup, shutdown, malfunction data) above the opacity standard, date and time of excursions, opacity value of the excursions, and percentage of the COM data showing excursions above the opacity standard in each calendar quarter.

7. Specific Control Equipment Operating Conditions:

- a) The electrostatic precipitator (ESP) and SO₂ scrubber (wet limestone) shall be operated as necessary to maintain compliance with permitted emission limitations, consistent with manufacturer's specifications and/or good operating practices.
- b) Records regarding the maintenance of the control equipment shall be maintained.
- c) See Section E for further requirements.

SECTION B - EMISSION POINTS, EMISSIONS UNITS, APPLICABLE REGULATIONS, AND OPERATING CONDITIONS

Emissions Unit 02 (Unit #2) Indirect Heat Exchanger

Description:

Pulverized-coal tangentially-fired unit equipped with a limestone scrubber and an electrostatic precipitator.

Primary Fuel: Coal

Start-up Fuel: Propane is utilized as a startup fuel for flame stabilization.

Maximum continuous rating: 2566.4 MMBTU/hour

Construction commenced: 1971

Applicable Regulations:

Regulation 401 KAR 61:015, Existing indirect heat exchangers (State Effective Date: April 1, 1984) applicable to an emission unit with a capacity of more than 250 mm BTU per hour and commenced before August 17, 1971. This regulation is state-enforceable only until such time as the effective date of an EPA rulemaking, approving this regulation into the federally-approved Kentucky State Implementation Plan

1. Operating Limitations:

None

2. Emission Limitations:

- a) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 61:015, Section 4 (1), particulate emissions shall not exceed 0.136 lb/MMBTU based on a three-hour-average.
- b) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 61:015, Section 4(2), emissions shall not exceed 20 percent opacity based on a six-minute average except that a maximum of 40 percent opacity is allowed for a period or aggregate of periods not more than six consecutive minutes in any sixty minutes.
- c) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 61:015, Section 5 (1), sulfur dioxide emissions shall not exceed 6.0 lbs/MMBTU based on a twenty-four-hour average.

3. Testing Requirements:

- a) The permittee shall submit a schedule within six months from the issuance date of this permit to conduct at least one performance test for particulate within one year following the issuance of this permit.
- b) If no additional stack tests are performed pursuant to Condition 4. d), the permittee shall conduct a performance test for particulate emissions within the third year of the term of this permit to demonstrate compliance with the applicable standard.

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- c) The permittee shall determine the opacity of emissions from the stack by EPA Reference Method 9 annually, or more frequently if requested by the division.

4. Specific Monitoring Requirements:

- a) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 61:005, Section 3 and Regulation 401 KAR 50:035, Section 7(1)(c), continuous emission monitoring systems shall be installed, calibrated, maintained, and operated for measuring sulfur dioxide emissions and either oxygen or carbon dioxide emissions. The continuous emission monitoring systems shall comply with Regulation 401 KAR 61:005, Section 3, particularly, performance specification 2 of Appendix B to 40 CFR 60 or 40 CFR 75, Appendix A.
- b) In accordance with Regulation 401 KAR 61:015, Section 6 (1), the sulfur content of solid fuels, as burned shall be determined in accordance with methods specified by the division.
- c) In accordance with Regulation 401 KAR 61:015, Section 6 (3) the rate of each fuel burned shall be measured daily and recorded. The heating value and ash content of fuels shall be ascertained at least once per week and recorded. The average electrical output, and the minimum and maximum hourly generation rate shall be measured and recorded daily.
- d) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 50:035, Section 7(1)(c), to meet the periodic monitoring requirement for particulate, the permittee shall use a continuous opacity monitor (COM). Excluding the startup, shutdown, and once per hour exemption periods, if any six-minute average opacity value exceeds the opacity standard, the permittee shall, as appropriate, initiate an inspection of the control equipment and/or the COM system and make any necessary repairs. If five (5) percent or greater of COM data (excluding startup, shutdown, and malfunction periods, data averaged over six minute period) recorded in a calendar quarter show excursions above the opacity standard, the permittee shall perform a stack test in the following calendar quarter to demonstrate compliance with the particulate standard while operating at representative conditions. The permittee shall submit a compliance test protocol as required by condition Section G(a)(20) of this permit before conducting the test. The division may waive this testing requirement upon a demonstration that the cause(s) of the excursions have been corrected, or may require stack tests at any time pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 50:045, Performance tests.
- e) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 50:035, Section 7(1)(c), to meet the periodic monitoring requirement for opacity, the permittee shall use a continuous opacity monitor (COM). Excluding the startup, shutdown, and once per hour exemption periods, if any six-minute average opacity value exceeds the opacity standard, the permittee shall, as appropriate, initiate an inspection of the control equipment and/or COM system and make any necessary repairs. If visible emissions from the stack are perceived or believed to exceed the applicable standard, the permittee shall determine the opacity of emissions by Reference Method 9. If a Method 9 cannot be performed, the reason for not performing the test shall be documented.
- f) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 50:035, Section 7(1)(c), to meet the periodic monitoring requirement for sulfur dioxide, the permittee shall use a continuous emission monitor (CEM). Excluding the startup and shutdown periods, if any 24-hour average sulfur dioxide value exceeds the standard, the permittee shall, as appropriate, initiate an inspection of the control equipment and/or CEM system and make any necessary repairs as soon as practicable.

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- g) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 61:005, Section 3, a continuous monitoring system for opacity shall conform to requirements of this section which include installing, calibrating, operating, and maintaining the continuous monitoring system for accurate opacity measurement, and demonstrating compliance with the applicable Performance Specification 1 of 40 CFR 60, Appendix B.
- h) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 61:005, Section 3(5), the division may provide a temporary exemption from the monitoring and reporting requirements of Regulation 401 KAR 61:005, Section 3, for the continuous monitoring system during any period of monitoring system malfunction, provided that the source owner or operator shows, to the division's satisfaction, that the malfunction was unavoidable and is being repaired as expeditiously as practicable.

5. Specific Record Keeping Requirements:

- a) Records shall be kept in accordance with Regulations 401 KAR 61:005, Section 3(16) (f) and 61:015, Section 6, with the exception that the records shall be maintained for a period of five (5) years. Percentage of the COM data (excluding startup, shutdown, and malfunction data) showing excursions above the opacity standard in each calendar quarter shall be computed and recorded.
- b) The permittee shall maintain the results of all compliance tests.

6. Specific Reporting Requirements:

- a) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 61:005, Section 3 (16), minimum data requirements which follow shall be maintained and furnished in the format specified by the division.
 - 1. Owners or operators of facilities required to install continuous monitoring systems for opacity and sulfur dioxide or those utilizing fuel sampling and analysis for sulfur dioxide emissions shall submit for every calendar quarter, a written report of excess emissions and the nature and cause of the excess emissions if known. The averaging period used for data reporting should correspond to the emission standard averaging period which is a twenty-four (24) hour averaging period. All quarterly reports shall be postmarked by the thirtieth (30th) day following the end of each calendar quarter.
 - 2. For opacity measurements, the summary shall consist of the magnitude in actual percent opacity of six (6) minute averages of opacity greater than the opacity standard in the applicable standard for each hour of operation of the facility. Average values may be obtained by integration over the averaging period or by arithmetically averaging a minimum of four (4) equally spaced, instantaneous opacity measurements per minute. Any time period exempted shall be considered before determining the excess average of opacity.

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3. For gaseous measurements the summary shall consist of hourly averages in the units of the applicable standard.
4. The date and time identifying each period during which the continuous monitoring system was inoperative, except for zero and span checks, and the nature of system repairs or adjustments shall be reported. Proof of continuous monitoring system performance is required as specified by the division whenever system repairs or adjustments have been made.
5. When no excess emissions have occurred and the continuous monitoring system(s) have not been inoperative, repaired, or adjusted, such information shall be included in the report.
- b) The permittee shall report the number of excursions (excluding startup, shutdown, malfunction data) above the opacity standard, date and time of excursions, opacity value of the excursions, and percentage of the COM data showing excursions above the opacity standard in each calendar quarter.

7. Specific Control Equipment Operating Conditions:

- a) The electrostatic precipitator (ESP) and SO₂ scrubber (wet lime) shall be operated as necessary to maintain compliance with permitted emission limitations, consistent with manufacturer's specifications and/or good operating practices.
- b) Records regarding the maintenance of the control equipment shall be maintained.
- c) See Section E for further requirements.

SECTION B EMISSION POINTS, EMISSIONS UNITS, APPLICABLE REGULATIONS, AND OPERATING CONDITIONS**Emissions Unit 03 Indirect Heat Exchanger****Description:**

No. 2 fuel-oil tangentially fired auxiliary indirect heat exchanger.

Primary Fuel: No. 2 Fuel Oil

Maximum continuous rating: 8.3 MMBTU/hour

Construction commenced: 1964

Applicable Regulations:

Regulation 401 KAR 61:015, Existing indirect heat exchangers (State Effective Date: April 1, 1984) applicable to an emission unit with a capacity of more than 250 mm BTU per hour and commenced before August 17, 1971. This regulation is state-enforceable only until such time as the effective date of an EPA rulemaking, approving this regulation into the federally-approved Kentucky State Implementation Plan

1. Operating Limitations:

None

2. Emission Limitations:

- a) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 61:015, Section 4 (1), particulate emissions shall not exceed 0.138 lb/MMBTU based on a three-hour average. Compliance with the allowable particulate standard may be demonstrated by calculating particulate emissions using fuel oil usage rates, fuel analysis, and emission factor information:

$$\text{Emissions (lb/MMBTU)} = (\text{USEPA approved factor or AP-42 emissions factor: } 2 \text{ lbs PM} / 10^3 \text{ gallons}) / (\text{Heating value from fuel analysis in MMBTU} / 10^3 \text{ gallons})$$

- b) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 61:015, Section 4(2), visible emissions shall not exceed 20 percent opacity based on a six-minute average.
- c) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 61:015, Section 5 (1), sulfur dioxide emissions shall not exceed 0.254 lb/MMBTU based on a twenty-four-hour average. Compliance with the allowable sulfur dioxide standard may be demonstrated by calculating sulfur dioxide emissions using fuel oil usage rates, fuel analysis, and emission factor information:

$$\text{Emissions (lb/MMBTU)} = (\text{USEPA approved factor or AP-42 emission factor: } 142\text{S lbs SO}_2 / 10^3 \text{ gallons}) / (\text{Heating value from fuel analysis in MMBTU} / 10^3 \text{ gallons})$$

3. Testing Requirements:

- a) The permittee shall determine the opacity of emissions from the stack by EPA Reference Method 9 annually, or more frequently if requested by the division.

SECTION B EMISSION POINTS, EMISSIONS UNITS, APPLICABLE REGULATIONS, AND OPERATING CONDITIONS

- b) If this emission unit does not combust fuel in a calendar year, then the Reference Method 9 reading is not required for that year.

4. Specific Monitoring Requirements:

- a In accordance with Regulation 401 KAR 61:015, Section 6(2), the sulfur content and heating value of liquid fuels, as burned, shall be determined in accordance with methods specified by the division.
- b The permittee shall perform a qualitative visual observation of the opacity of emissions from the stack on a weekly basis and maintain a log of the observations when the emission unit is in operation. If visible emissions from the stack are perceived or believed to exceed the applicable standard, the permittee shall determine the opacity of emissions by Reference Method 9 and instigate an inspection of the unit for any necessary repairs.
- c The permittee shall monitor the fuel-oil consumption rate on an annual basis.

5. Specific Record Keeping Requirements:

- a Records documenting the amount fuel oil consumption shall be maintained.
- b Records documenting the sulfur content and heating value of the fuel oil shall be maintained.

6. Specific Reporting Requirements:

See Section F.

7. Specific Control Equipment Operating Conditions:

See Section E.

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Emissions Unit 04 Ash Handling: Number 2 Ash Silo

Description:

Silo vent and air receiver / separator equipped with particulate bag-filters.

Maximum continuous rating: 30 tons/hour

Construction commenced: 1993

Applicable Regulations:

Regulation 401 KAR 59:010, New process operations, applicable to emissions units that commenced construction on or after July 2, 1975.

1. Operating Limitations:

None

2. Emission Limitations:

- a) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 59:010, Section 3 (2), particulate matter emissions into the open air shall not exceed $[3.59 (P^{0.62})]$ lbs/hr based on a three-hour average where P is the processing rate in tons/hr.
- b) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 59:010, Section 3(1)(a), any continuous emission(s) into the open air shall not equal or exceed twenty (20) percent opacity based on a six-minute average.

3. Testing Requirements:

The permittee shall determine the opacity of emissions from each stack by EPA Reference Method 9 annually, or more frequently if requested by the division.

4. Specific Monitoring Requirements:

- a) The permittee shall perform a qualitative visual observation of the opacity of emissions from the stack on a weekly basis and maintain a log of the observations. If visible emissions from the stack are perceived or believed to exceed the applicable standard, the permittee shall determine the opacity of emissions by US EPA Reference method 9 and instigate an inspection of the control equipment for any necessary repairs.
- b) The permittee shall monitor the processing rate and hours of operation on a weekly basis.

SECTION B EMISSION POINTS, EMISSIONS UNITS, APPLICABLE REGULATIONS, AND OPERATING CONDITIONS

5. Specific Record Keeping Requirements:

- a) Records of the weekly ash processed and weekly hours of operation shall be maintained.
- b) Records of opacity determinations using US EPA Reference Method 9 shall be maintained.

6. Specific Reporting Requirements:

See Section F.

7. Specific Control Equipment Operating Conditions:

- a) The particulate bag filters shall be operated as necessary to maintain compliance with permitted emission limitations in accordance with manufacturer's specifications and / or standard operating practices.
- b) Records regarding the maintenance of the particulate bag filters shall be maintained.
- c) See Section E.

SECTION B EMISSION POINTS, EMISSIONS UNITS, APPLICABLE REGULATIONS, AND OPERATING CONDITIONS

Emissions Unit 05 Number 1 Ash Silo

Description:

Silo vent and air receiver / separator equipped with bag filters.

Operating rate: 30 tons/hour

Construction commenced: 1964

Applicable Regulations:

Regulation 401 KAR 61:020, Existing process operations, applicable to an emissions unit that commenced prior to July 2, 1975.

1. Operating Limitations:

None

2. Emission Limitations:

- a) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 61:020, Section 3 (2), particulate matter emissions into the open air shall not exceed [$4.10 (P^{0.67})$] lbs/hr based on a three-hour average.
- b) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 61:020, Section 3(1)(a), any continuous emission(s) into the open air shall not equal or exceed forty percent opacity based on a six-minute average.

3. Testing Requirements:

The permittee shall determine the opacity of emissions from each stack by EPA Reference Method 9 annually, or more frequently if requested by the division.

4. Specific Monitoring Requirements:

- a) The permittee shall perform a qualitative visual observation of the opacity of emissions from the stack on a weekly basis and maintain a log of the observations. If visible emissions from the stack are perceived or believed to exceed the applicable standard, the permittee shall determine the opacity of emissions by US EPA Reference method 9 and instigate an inspection of the control equipment for any necessary repairs.
- b) The permittee shall monitor the processing rate and hours of operation on a weekly basis.

5. Specific Record Keeping Requirements:

- a) Records of the weekly ash processed and weekly hours of operation shall be maintained.

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- b) Records of opacity determinations using US EPA Reference Method 9 shall be maintained.

6. Specific Reporting Requirements:

See Section F.

7. Specific Control Equipment Operating Conditions:

- a) The particulate bag filters shall be operated as necessary to maintain compliance with permitted emission limitations in accordance with manufacturer's specifications and / or standard operating practices.
- b) Records regarding the maintenance of the particulate bag filters shall be maintained.
- c) See Section E.

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Emissions Unit 06 Limestone Handling and Processing

Description:

Equipment Includes: 48 inch belt conveyor with two transfer points (hopper to 48 inch belt conveyor and 48 inch belt conveyor to 24 inch belt conveyor) and 24 inch belt conveyor (equipped with enclosures) with one transfer point (24 inch belt conveyor to silo (equipped with insertable dust filters)).

Operating rate: 100 tons per hour.

Construction commenced: 1993

Applicable Regulations:

Regulation 401 KAR 59:310, Standards of Performance for Nonmetallic Mineral Processing Plants, Title 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart OOO, as modified by Section 2 of Regulation 401 KAR 59:310, applicable to units commenced after August 31, 1983.

1. Operating Limitations:

None

2. Emission Limitations:

- a) Particulate emissions shall not exceed 0.05 g/dscm (0.022 gr/dscf) based on a three hour average pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 59:310, 40 CFR 60.672.
- b) Visible emissions shall not exceed seven percent (7%) opacity from any affected facility pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 59:310, Title 40 CFR 60.672.

3. Testing Requirements:

- a) The permittee shall determine the opacity of emissions by US EPA Reference Method 22 annually, or more frequently if requested by the division.
- b) The permittee shall determine the particulate matter concentration of emissions by US EPA Reference Method 5, or 17, at times requested by the division.

4. Specific Monitoring Requirements:

- a) The permittee shall perform a qualitative visual observation of the opacity of emissions from the stack on a weekly basis and maintain a log of the observations. If visible emissions from the stack are perceived or believed to exceed the applicable standard, the permittee shall determine the opacity of emissions by US EPA Reference Method 9 and instigate an inspection of the control equipment for any necessary repairs.
- b) The permittee shall monitor the amount of limestone processed.

SECTION B EMISSION POINTS, EMISSIONS UNITS, APPLICABLE REGULATIONS, AND OPERATING CONDITIONS

5. Specific Record Keeping Requirements:

- a) Records of the limestone processed shall be maintained.
- b) Records of opacity determinations using US EPA Reference method 9 shall be maintained.

6. Specific Reporting Requirements:

See Section F.

7. Specific Control Equipment Operating Conditions:

- a) The enclosures shall be maintained as necessary to ensure compliance with permitted emission limitations, in accordance with manufacturer's specifications and / or standard operating practices.
- b) Records regarding the maintenance and operation/use of the enclosures shall be maintained.
- c) See Section E

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Emissions Unit 07 Limestone Crushing

Description:

Equipment Includes: Two limestone ball mills.

Operating rate: 40 tons per hour.

Construction commenced: 1993

APPLICABLE REGULATIONS:

Regulation 401 KAR 59:310, Standards of Performance for Nonmetallic Mineral Processing Plants, Title 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart OOO, as modified by Section 2 of Regulation 401 KAR 59:310 and applicable to units commenced after August 31, 1983.

1. Operating Limitations:

None

2. Emission Limitations:

Visible emissions shall not exhibit greater than ten (10) percent opacity pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 59:310, Section 60.672(b).

3. Testing Requirements:

The permittee shall determine opacity of emissions by US EPA Reference Method 22 annually, or more frequently if requested by the division.

4. Specific Monitoring Requirements:

a) The permittee shall perform a qualitative visual observation of the opacity of emissions from the stack on a weekly basis and maintain a log of the observations. If visible emissions from the stack are perceived or believed to exceed the applicable standard, the permittee shall determine the opacity of emissions by US EPA Reference Method 9 and instigate an inspection of the control equipment for any necessary repairs.

b) The permittee shall monitor the amount of limestone processed.

5. Specific Record Keeping Requirements:

a) Records of the limestone processed shall be maintained.

b) Records of opacity determinations using US EPA Reference Method 9 shall be maintained.

**SECTION B EMISSION POINTS, EMISSIONS UNITS, APPLICABLE
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6. Specific Reporting Requirements:

See Section F.

7. Specific Control Equipment Operating Conditions:

- a) The dust collector shall be operated as necessary to maintain compliance with permitted emission limitations, in accordance with manufacturer's specifications and / or standard operating practices.
- b) Records regarding the maintenance and operation/use of the cyclone dust collector shall be maintained.
- c) See Section E.

SECTION B EMISSION POINTS, EMISSIONS UNITS, APPLICABLE REGULATIONS, AND OPERATING CONDITIONS

Emissions Unit 08 Limestone Conveying and Handling

Description:

Limestone truck/reclaim hopper (equipped with enclosures), haul roads (equipped with wet suppression equipment), and stockpiles (equipped with wet suppression equipment).

Operating rate: 300 tons/hour.

Construction commenced: 1993

Applicable Regulations:

Regulation 401 KAR 63:010, Fugitive emissions.

Applicable Requirements:

- a) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 63:010, Section 3, reasonable precautions shall be taken to prevent particulate matter from becoming airborne. Such reasonable precautions shall include, when applicable, but not be limited to the following:
 - 1. Application and maintenance of asphalt, water, or suitable chemicals on roads, material stockpiles, and other surfaces which can create airborne dusts;
 - 2. Installation and use of hoods, fans, and fabric filters to enclose and vent the handling of dusty materials, or the use of water sprays or other measures to suppress the dust emissions during handling;
- b) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 63:010, Section 3, discharge of visible fugitive dust emissions beyond the property line is prohibited.

1. Operating Limitation:

None

2. Emission Limitations:

None

3. Testing Requirements:

None

4. Specific Monitoring Requirements:

The permittee shall monitor the amount of limestone received and processed.

5. Specific Record Keeping Requirements:

Records of limestone received and processed shall be maintained.

SECTION B EMISSION POINTS, EMISSIONS UNITS, APPLICABLE REGULATIONS, AND OPERATING CONDITIONS

6. Specific Reporting Requirements:

See Section F.

7. Specific Control Equipment Operating Conditions:

- a) The source wet suppression control equipment shall be operated as necessary to maintain compliance with applicable requirements, in accordance with manufacturer's specifications and / or standard operating practices.
- b) Records regarding the maintenance and operation of the wet suppression control equipment shall be maintained.
- c) See Section E.

SECTION B EMISSION POINTS, EMISSIONS UNITS, APPLICABLE REGULATIONS, AND OPERATING CONDITIONS

Emissions Unit 09 Coal Conveying and Handling

Description:

Equipment includes: Conveyors (equipped with enclosures) , scales (equipped with enclosures), crushers (equipped with enclosures), stockpiles (equipped with wet suppression equipment), and haul roads (equipped with wet suppression equipment).

Operating Rate: 195 tons/hour

Construction commenced: 1964

Applicable Regulations:

Regulation 401 KAR 63:010, Fugitive emissions

Applicable Requirements:

- a) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 63:010, Section 3, reasonable precautions shall be taken to prevent particulate matter from becoming airborne. Such reasonable precautions shall include, when applicable, but not be limited to the following:
 - 1. Application and maintenance of asphalt, water, or suitable chemicals on roads, material stockpiles, and other surfaces which can create airborne dusts;
 - 2. Installation and use of hoods, fans, and fabric filters to enclose and vent the handling of dusty materials, or the use of water sprays or other measures to suppress the dust emissions during handling;
- b) Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 63:010, Section 3, discharge of visible fugitive dust emissions beyond the property line is prohibited.

1. Operating Limitation:

None

2. Emission Limitations:

None

3. Testing Requirements:

None

4. Specific Monitoring Requirements:

The permittee shall monitor the amount of coal received and processed.

SECTION B EMISSION POINTS, EMISSIONS UNITS, APPLICABLE REGULATIONS, AND OPERATING CONDITIONS

5. Specific Record Keeping Requirements:

Records of coal received and processed shall be maintained.

6. Specific Reporting Requirements:

See Section F.

7. Specific Control Equipment Operating Conditions:

- a) The wet suppression and enclosure equipment shall be operated as necessary to maintain compliance with applicable requirements, in accordance with manufacturer's specifications and / or standard operating practices.
- b) Records regarding the maintenance and operation of the wet suppression and enclosures shall be maintained.
- c) See Section E.

SECTION C - INSIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES

The following listed activities have been determined to be insignificant activities for this source pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 50:035, Section 5(4). While these activities are designated as insignificant the permittee must comply with the applicable regulation(s). Process and emission control equipment at each insignificant activity subject to a generally applicable regulation shall be inspected monthly and a qualitative visible emissions evaluation made. The results of the inspections and observations shall be recorded in a log, noting color, duration, density (heavy or light), cause and any corrective actions taken for any abnormal visible emissions.

<u>Description</u>	<u>Generally Applicable Regulation</u>
1. Thermal evaporation of boiler cleaning solution	None
2. Gypsum stockpile	401 KAR 63:010
3. Wet ash handling system and ash pond.	None
4. Lime silo and unloading (water treatment plant).	401 KAR 63:010
5. No. 2 fuel oil storage tanks (415,000 gallons constructed prior 1974).	None
6. Gasoline storage tanks (< 10,000 gallons constructed prior to 1974).	None
7. Emergency generators.	None
8. Waste oil burning (from plant maintenance activities) for energy recovery.	None
9. Tanks/vessels storing lubricating, hydraulic, and machining oils and fluids.	None
10. Parts washing.	None
11. Brazing equipment, cutting torches, soldering equipment, and welding equipment.	None
12. Laboratory and vent hoods used exclusively for chemical and physical analyses.	None
13. Paved and unpaved roads and parking lots.	None

SECTION D - SOURCE EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND TESTING REQUIREMENTS

Particulate, sulfur dioxide, and visible (opacity) emissions, as measured by methods referenced in 401 KAR 50:015, Section 1, shall not exceed the respective limitations specified herein.

SECTION E - SOURCE CONTROL EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS

Pursuant to 401 KAR 50:055, Section 2(5), at all times, including periods of startup, shutdown and malfunction, owners and operators shall, to the extent practicable, maintain and operate any affected facility including associated air pollution control equipment in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions. Determination of whether acceptable operating and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the division which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, opacity observations, review of operating and maintenance procedures, and inspection of the source.

SECTION F - MONITORING, RECORD KEEPING, AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

1. When continuing compliance is demonstrated by periodic testing or instrumental monitoring, the permittee shall compile records of required monitoring information that include:
 - a. Date, place as defined in this permit, and time of sampling or measurements.
 - b. Analyses performance dates;
 - c. Company or entity that performed analyses;
 - d. Analytical techniques or methods used;
 - e. Analyses results; and
 - f. Operating conditions during time of sampling or measurement;
2. Records of all required monitoring data and support information, including calibrations, maintenance records, and original strip chart recordings, and copies of all reports required by the Division for Air Quality, shall be retained by the permittee for a period of five years and shall be made available for inspection upon request by any duly authorized representative of the Division for Air Quality. [401 KAR 50:035, Permits, Section 7(1)(d)2 and 401 KAR 50:035, Permits, Section 7(2)(c)]
3. In accordance with the requirements of Regulation 401 KAR 50:035, Permits, Section 7(2)(c) the permittee shall allow the Cabinet or authorized representatives to perform the following:
 - a. Enter upon the premises where a source is located or emissions-related activity is conducted, or where records are kept;
 - b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records required by the permit:
 - i. During normal office hours, and
 - ii. During periods of emergency when prompt access to records is essential to proper assessment by the Cabinet;
 - c. Inspect, at reasonable times, any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and pollution control equipment), practices, or operations required by the permit. Reasonable times shall include, but are not limited to the following:
 - i. During all hours of operation at the source,
 - ii. For all sources operated intermittently, during all hours of operation at the source and the hours between 8:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding holidays, and
 - iii. During an emergency; and
 - d. Sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters to assure compliance with the permit or any applicable requirements. Reasonable times shall include, but are not limited to the following:
 - i. During all hours of operation at the source,
 - ii. For all sources operated intermittently, during all hours of operation at the source and the hours between 8:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding holidays, and
 - iii. During an emergency.
4. No person shall obstruct, hamper, or interfere with any Cabinet employee or authorized representative while in the process of carrying out official duties. Refusal of entry or access may constitute grounds for permit revocation and assessment of civil penalties.

SECTION F - MONITORING, RECORD KEEPING, AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)

5. Summary reports of any monitoring required by this permit shall be submitted to the Division's Owensboro Regional Office at least every six (6) months during the life of this permit, unless otherwise stated in this permit. The reports are due within 30 days after the end of each six month reporting period which commences on the initial issuance date of this permit. The permittee may shift to semi-annual reporting on a calendar year basis upon approval of the regional office. If calendar year reporting is approved, the semi-annual reports are due January 30th and July 30th of each year. All reports shall be certified by a responsible official pursuant to Section 6(1) of Regulation 401 KAR 50:035, Permits. All deviations from permit requirements shall be clearly identified in the reports.
6.
 - a. In accordance with the provisions of Regulation 401 KAR 50:055, Section 1 the owner or operator shall notify the Division for Air Quality's Owensboro Regional Office concerning startups, shutdowns, or malfunctions as follows:
 1. When emissions during any planned shutdowns and ensuing startups will exceed the standards notification shall be made no later than three (3) days before the planned shutdown, or immediately following the decision to shutdown, if the shutdown is due to events which could not have been foreseen three (3) days before the shutdown.
 2. When emissions due to malfunctions, unplanned shutdowns and ensuing startups are or may be in excess of the standards notification shall be made as promptly as possible by telephone (or other electronic media) and shall cause written notice upon request.
 - b. In accordance with the provisions of Regulation 401 KAR 50:035, Section 7(1)(e)2, the owner or operator shall promptly report deviations from permit requirements, including those attributed to upset conditions, to the Division for Air Quality's Owensboro Regional Office. Prompt reporting shall be defined as quarterly for any deviation related to emission standards (other than emission exceeding covered by general condition 6(a) above) and semi-annually for all other deviations from the permit requirements if not otherwise specified in the permit
7. Pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 50:035, Permits, Section 7(2)(b), the permittee shall certify compliance with the terms and conditions contained in this permit, annually on the permit issuance anniversary date or by January 30th of each year if calendar year reporting is approved by the regional office, by completing and returning a Compliance Certification Form (DEP 7007CC) (or an approved alternative) to the Division for Air Quality's Owensboro Regional Office and the U.S.EPA in accordance with the following requirements:
 - a. Identification of each term or condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification;
 - b. The compliance status regarding each term or condition of the permit;
 - c. Whether compliance was continuous or intermittent; and
 - d. The method used for determining the compliance status for the source, currently and over the reporting period, pursuant to 401 KAR 50:035, Section 7(1)(c),(d), and (e).

SECTION F - MONITORING, RECORD KEEPING, AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)

- e. The certification shall be postmarked by the thirtieth (30) day following the applicable permit issuance anniversary date, or by January 30th of each year if calendar year reporting is approved by the regional office. Annual compliance certifications should be mailed to the following addresses:

**Division for Air Quality
Owensboro Regional Office
3032 Alvey Park Drive West
Owensboro, KY 42303**

**U.S. EPA Region IV
Air Enforcement Branch
Atlanta Federal Center
61 Forsyth St.
Atlanta, GA 30303-8960**

**Division for Air Quality
Central Files
803 Schenkel Lane
Frankfort, KY 40601**

8. In accordance with Regulation 401 KAR 50:035, Section 23, the permittee shall provide the division with all information necessary to determine its subject emissions within thirty (30) days of the date the KEIS emission report is mailed to the permittee.
9. Pursuant to Section VII.3 of the policy manual of the Division for Air Quality as referenced by Regulation 401 KAR 50:016, Section 1(1), results of performance test(s) required by the permit shall be submitted to the division by the source or its representative within forty-five days after the completion of the fieldwork.

SECTION G - GENERAL CONDITIONS

(a) General Compliance Requirements

1. The permittee shall comply with all conditions of this permit. A noncompliance shall be (a) violation(s) of state regulation 401 KAR 50:035, Permits, Section 7(3)(d) and for federally enforceable permits is also a violation of Federal Statute 42 USC 7401 through 7671q (the Clean Air Act) and is grounds for enforcement action including but not limited to the termination, revocation and reissuance, or revision of this permit.
2. The filing of a request by the permittee for any permit revision, revocation, reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of a planned change or anticipated noncompliance, shall not stay any permit condition.
3. This permit may be revised, revoked, reopened and reissued, or terminated for cause. The permit will be reopened for cause and revised accordingly under the following circumstances:
 - a. If additional applicable requirements become applicable to the source and the remaining permit term is three (3) years or longer. In this case, the reopening shall be completed no later than eighteen (18) months after promulgation of the applicable requirement. A reopening shall not be required if compliance with the applicable requirement is not required until after the date on which the permit is due to expire, unless this permit or any of its terms and conditions have been extended pursuant to Regulation 401 KAR 50:035, Section 12(2)(c);
 - b. The Cabinet or the U. S. EPA determines that the permit must be revised or revoked to assure compliance with the applicable requirements;
 - c. The Cabinet or the U. S. EPA determines that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions of the permit;
 - d. If any additional applicable requirements of the Acid Rain Program become applicable to the source.

Proceedings to reopen and reissue a permit shall follow the same procedures as apply to initial permit issuance and shall affect only those parts of the permit for which cause to reopen exists. Reopenings shall be made as expeditiously as practicable. Reopenings shall not be initiated before a notice of intent to reopen is provided to the source by the division, at least thirty (30) days in advance of the date the permit is to be reopened, except that the division may provide a shorter time period in the case of an emergency.

4. The permittee shall furnish to the division, in writing, information that the division may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit, or to determine compliance with the permit. [401 KAR 50:035, Permits, Section 7(2)(b)3e and 401 KAR 50:035, Permits, Section 7(3)(j)]
5. The permittee, upon becoming aware that any relevant facts were omitted or incorrect information was submitted in the permit application, shall promptly submit such supplementary facts or corrected information to the permitting authority.

SECTION G - GENERAL CONDITIONS (CONTINUED)

6. Any condition or portion of this permit which becomes suspended or is ruled invalid as a result of any legal or other action shall not invalidate any other portion or condition of this permit. [401 KAR 50:035, Permits, Section 7(3)(k)]
7. The permittee shall not use as a defense in an enforcement action the contention that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance. [401 KAR 50:035, Permits, Section 7(3)(e)]
8. Except as identified as state-origin requirements in this permit, all terms and conditions contained herein shall be enforceable by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and citizens of the United States.
9. This permit shall be subject to suspension if the permittee fails to pay all emissions fees within 90 days after the date of notice as specified in 401 KAR 50:038, Section 3(6). [401 KAR 50:035, Permits, Section 7(3)(h)]
10. Nothing in this permit shall alter or affect the liability of the permittee for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance. [401 KAR 50:035, Permits, Section 8(3)(b)]
11. This permit shall not convey property rights or exclusive privileges. [401 KAR 50:035, Permits, Section 7 (3)(g)]
12. Issuance of this permit does not relieve the permittee from the responsibility of obtaining any other permits, licenses, or approvals required by the Kentucky Cabinet for Natural Resources and Environmental Protection or any other federal, state, or local agency.
13. Nothing in this permit shall alter or affect the authority of U.S. EPA to obtain information pursuant to Federal Statute 42 USC 7414, Inspections, monitoring, and entry. [401 KAR 50:035, Permits, Section 7(2)(b)5]
14. Nothing in this permit shall alter or affect the authority of U.S. EPA to impose emergency orders pursuant to Federal Statute 42 USC 7603, Emergency orders. [401 KAR 50:035, Permits, Section 8(3)(a)]
15. Permit Shield: Except as provided in State Regulation 401 KAR 50:035, Permits, compliance by the emission units listed herein with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed to be compliance with all applicable requirements identified in this permit as of the date of issuance of this permit.

SECTION G - GENERAL CONDITIONS (CONTINUED)

16. The permittee may conduct test burns of materials other than those listed in the permit without a construction permit or a reopening of this permit provided that:
- a) Notification is provided to the division at least 30 days prior to initiation of the test burning of the material;
 - b) The source complies with all applicable regulations and emission limitations;
 - c) The permittee agrees to perform such additional testing as may be required by the division.
17. The permanent burning of any material (addressed in above condition) shall be allowed upon completion of testing provided that:
- a) The division determines that a permit is not required. Such determination shall be made within sixty (60) days of the application receipt along with the test results;
 - b) The permittee keeps records of date and time of burn;
 - c) The permittee keeps records of analysis and feed rate of material;
 - d) Burning any of those materials shall not be subject to any new applicable regulation and the source shall comply with all applicable regulation and emission limitations.
18. Fugitive emissions shall be controlled in accordance with Regulation 401 KAR 63:010.
19. Emission limitations listed in this permit shall apply at all the times except during periods of startup, shutdown, or malfunctions, and opacity limitations listed in this permit shall apply at all times except during periods of startup and shutdown in accordance with Regulation 401 KAR 50:055, provided the permittee complies with the requirements of Regulation 401 KAR 50:055.
20. Pursuant to Section VII 2.2.(1) of the policy manual of the Division for Air Quality as referenced by Regulation 401 KAR 50:016, Section 1(1), at least one month prior to the date of the required performance test, the permittee shall complete and return a Compliance Test Protocol (Form DEP 6027) to the Division's Frankfort Central Office. Pursuant to 401 KAR 50:045, Section 5, the division shall be notified of the actual test date at least ten (10) days prior to the test.
21. All previously issued construction and operating permits are hereby subsumed into this permit.

(b) Permit Expiration and Reapplication Requirements

This permit shall remain in effect for a fixed term of five (5) years following the original date of issue. Permit expiration shall terminate the source's right to operate unless a timely and complete renewal application has been submitted to the division at least six months prior to the expiration date of the permit. Upon a timely and complete submittal, the authorization to operate within the terms and conditions of this permit, including any permit shield, shall remain in effect beyond the expiration date, until the renewal permit is issued or denied by the division. [401 KAR 50:035, Permits, Section 12]

SECTION G - GENERAL CONDITIONS (CONTINUED)

(c) Permit Revisions

1. A minor permit revision procedure may be used for permit revisions involving the use of economic incentive, marketable permit, emission trading, and other similar approaches, to the extent that these minor permit revision procedures are explicitly provided for in the SIP or in applicable requirements and meet the relevant requirements of Regulation 401 KAR 50:035, Section 15.
2. This permit is not transferable by the permittee. Future owners and operators shall obtain a new permit from the Division for Air Quality. The new permit may be processed as an administrative amendment if no other change in this permit is necessary, and provided that a written agreement containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility coverage and liability between the current and new permittee has been submitted to the permitting authority thirty (30) days in advance of the transfer.

(d) Acid Rain Program Requirements

1. If an applicable requirement of Federal Statute 42 USC 7401 through 7671q (the Clean Air Act) is more stringent than an applicable requirement promulgated pursuant to Federal Statute 42 USC 7651 through 7651o (Title IV of the Act), both provisions shall apply, and both shall be state and federally enforceable.
2. The source shall comply with all requirements and conditions of the Title IV, Acid Rain Permit (A-98-003, ATTACHMENT C) and the Phase II permit application (including the Phase II NO_x compliance plan and averaging plan, if applicable) issued for this source. The source shall also comply with all requirements of any revised or future acid rain permit(s) issued to this source.

(e) Emergency Provisions

1. An emergency shall constitute an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with the technology-based emission limitations if the permittee demonstrates through properly signed contemporaneous operating logs or other relevant evidence that:
 - a. An emergency occurred and the permittee can identify the cause of the emergency;
 - b. The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;
 - c. During an emergency, the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emissions standards or other requirements in the permit; and,
 - d. The permittee notified the division as promptly as possible and submitted written notice of the emergency to the division within two working days after the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency. The notice shall meet the requirements of 401 KAR 50:035, Permits, Section 7(1)(e)2, and include a description of the emergency, steps taken to mitigate emissions, and the corrective actions taken. This requirement does not relieve the source of any other local, state or federal notification requirements.
2. Emergency conditions listed in General Condition (e)1 above are in addition to any emergency or upset provision(s) contained in an applicable requirement.

SECTION G - GENERAL CONDITIONS (CONTINUED)

3. In an enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency shall have the burden of proof. [401 KAR 50:035, Permits, Section 9(3)]

(f) Risk Management Provisions

1. The permittee shall comply with all applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 68, Risk Management Plan provisions. If required, the permittee shall comply with the Risk Management Program and submit a Risk Management Plan to:
RMP Reporting Center
P.O. Box 3346
Merrifield, VA, 22116-3346
2. If requested, submit additional relevant information by the division or the U.S. EPA.

(g) Ozone depleting substances

1. The permittee shall comply with the standards for recycling and emissions reduction pursuant to 40 CFR 82, Subpart F, except as provided for Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners (MVACs) in Subpart B:
 - a. Persons opening appliances for maintenance, service, repair, or disposal shall comply with the required practices contained in 40 CFR 82.156.
 - b. Equipment used during the maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances shall comply with the standards for recycling and recovery equipment contained in 40 CFR 82.158.
 - c. Persons performing maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances shall be certified by an approved technician certification program pursuant to 40 CFR 82.161.
 - d. Persons disposing of small appliances, MVACs, and MVAC-like appliances (as defined at 40 CFR 82.152) shall comply with the recordkeeping requirements pursuant to 40 CFR 82.166.
 - e. Persons owning commercial or industrial process refrigeration equipment shall comply with the leak repair requirements pursuant to 40 CFR 82.156.
 - f. Owners/operators of appliances normally containing 50 or more pounds of refrigerant shall keep records of refrigerant purchased and added to such appliances pursuant to 40 CFR 82.166.
2. If the permittee performs service on motor (fleet) vehicle air conditioners containing ozone-depleting substances, the source shall comply with all applicable requirements as specified in 40 CFR 82, Subpart B, Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners.

SECTION H - ALTERNATE OPERATING SCENARIOS

None

SECTION I - COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE

None